

In December of 1978 I was ready to buy my first computer system, but my requirements were not easy to meet. I wanted something that could handle arcade-quality games, had highresolution graphics capability, color display, and Basic in PROM. I was not satisfied with anything my local dealers had to show (no one I visited had a Compucolor, the Apple dealers were showing low-resolution only, and the Atari was only a rumor), but on the basis of the (somewhat premature) advertising for the keyboard/expansion unit, I decided to buy a Bally Professional Arcade. I could use Tiny Basic for a while, and turn it into a "real" machine in just a few short months.

It was just a few short months later that the local dealers began to show Compucolors and high-resolution Apples, and it seemed that the Bally expansion unit was more of a rumor than the Atari 800. I would visit the showrooms, see those beautiful full-size keyboards, watch people work in "real" Basic and be as green as the color monitors.

I particularly liked the artillery game that Compucolor called "Shoot." This game generates a random terrain display and wind factor and positions two artillery emplacements on the screen so that two opponents can take turns trying to obliterate each other. Eventually I resolved that I either had to buy a Compucolor or program this game on my Bally. I chose the latter.

This turned out to be quite a challenge with less than 2K of memory and integer-only Tiny Basic. But the Bally Basic is quite sound for game programming and easy to work with. The greatest difficulty was finding an integer sine routine, but after searching the magazines I found a routine to adapt to my purpose. I started out using a full ballistic equation, but soon found by experimentation that I could use an approximation. This eliminated an integer square-root routine and added speed in the bargain.

I spent approximately two months writing, debugging, and fine-tuning the program, but it was worth the effort.

A few months later I did buy the Compucolor and have been using it ever since. I'm well satisified with it and use it for a variety of tasks. But my wife and I still enjoy the Bally for its games, especially the artillery game.

John W. Rhodes, Box 592, Belmont, CA 94002.

John W. Rhodes

ARTILLERY HIND-MPH ← DR → ELEVATION-DEGREES-6 TD 90 PDWDER=LBS.-6 TD 90 TR 1 = START ←12 56 EL 57 LBS.

Figure 1. Player instructions.

Figure 2. Player inputs are prompted on screen. Player sees values on screen as knob is turned. Pulling trigger enters value to program.

Explanation of the Program

Lines 10-28	print the introduction and wait for the player
	to press the trigger.
Lines 40-88	generate random terrain features and gun
	emplacements.
Lines 90-94	set and display the wind velocity.
Lines 100-140	input the elevation via knob, print the
	elevation and record when the trigger is
	pressed. They also calculate relative sine and cosine.
Lines 150-182	input powder via knob, print and record
	when the trigger is pressed. They also clear
	prompters and print elevation and powder
	values on the player's side of the screen.
Lines 190-306	compute shell movement and decide if a
	shell has 1) hit the target, 2) hit the ground,
	or 3) moved off the screen (left or right). If
	none of the above, a dot is printed and its
	position recorded.
Lines 400-408	clear the dots to prepare for the next player's
	turn.
Lines 500-514	make the explosion and wait for the trigger
Section 1995	input to start the next game.
Lines 600-612	make a shell crater in ground.

Artillery, continued...



Figure 3. Projectile is tracked on screen. If the projectile impacts the ground (or goes off screen) the track is erased before the next player's turn.

Bally Artillery Listing by John W. Rhodes. Note: Parenthetical comments are not part of the program.

CLEAR 10 (Introduction) 12 PRINT. ARTILLERY" (9 spaces) 14 PRINT PRINT WIND-MPH (OR) (1 space) 18 PRINT ELEVATION-DEGREES-6 TO 90. 20 PRINT POWDER-LBS. -6 TO 90 22 PRINT TR 1 = START 24 26 IF TR(1)=1 GOTO 40 G010 26 28 (Start with Player 1) 40 M=1 CLEAR; FC=165; BC=9 (Generate Terrain) 50 52 B=RND(40);B=-B 1=RND(40)-70;V=RND(40)+30 54 FOR A=1 TO 4 60 C=fix40-120;D=RND(3) 62 64 FOR E=1 TO 40 H=RND(3); IF D=1 B=B+H 66 68 IF D=2 B=B+H-2 70 IF D=3 B=B-H IF B>-5 B≈-5;D=2 72 74 IF B<-42 B=-42:D=2 76 C=C+1;LINE C, -44,4;LINE C, B, 1 78 IF C=I J=B IF C=V K=B 80 82 NEXT E 84 NEXT A BOX 1, J+2, 4, 4, 3 (Fix Gun Emplacement) 86 88 BOX U.K+2.4.4.3 90 L=RND(61)-31 (Generate Wind) *,#0,L,#0,*→* 92 CX=-8;CY=40;1F L>0 PR1NT* 94 (Initialize Sine Routine) Z=0;B=512;R=1;E=1 199 (Start Input Routine) 102 IF M=-1 R=2 CX=-5;CY=31;PRINT*EL*;NT=0 104 106 (C is Elevation) C=KN(R):6+24 108 IF M=1 CX=-53 110 IF M=-1 CX=45 CY=31; PRINT #0.Cx2 112 IF TR(R)=1 GOTO 120 114 GOTO 106 116 120 NT=3

Figure 4. The aftermath of a startling explosion (complete with bells and whistles).





Figure 5. Start of next game. Terrain and wind factors differ dramatically from game to game.

130 FOR D=1 TO C (Sine Routine) Z=Z+(B;28);B=B-(Z;28)132 134 NEXT D IF Z>512 Z=512 136 138 IF B<0 B=0 140 Z=Z:10;B=B:10 CX=-10;CY=22;PRINT*LBS.*;NT=0 150 F=KN(R):3+48 (F is Powder) 152 IF M=1 CX=-53 154 IF M=-1 CX=45 156 158 CY=22;PRINT #0,F 160 IF TR(R)=1 GOTO 170 GOTO 152 162 170 1F M=1 CX=-72 1F M=-1 CX=65 172 174 CY=31; PRINT 40, Cx2 176 IF M=1 CX=-72 178 IF M=-1 CX=65 CY=22; PRINT #0.F 180 BOX 0,26,120,20,2;NT=3;F=F×4 (Clear Prompters) 182 190 G=Z×F;51;H=B×F;51 (Velocity Vectors) 192 $W=0;X=0;H=H\times M;E=1$ (Initialize Movement) 200 U=(HxL):800;U=UxM (Movement Routine) 202 W=W+(H:4)+(U:4) X = X + (G + 4) - 2204 H=H+U;G=G-8;P=W:10 206 208 IF M=1 P=P+1 210 IF M=-1 P=P+V Q=X:10:1F M=1 Q=Q+J+2 (What to do with position) 212 213 IF M=-1 Q=Q+K+2 1F PK-80 GOTO 400 214 216 IF P>80 GOTO 400 IF Q<-43 GOTO 400 218 IF M=1 IF P>(V-4) IF P((V+4) GOTO 226 22Ø IF M=-1 IF P>(1-4) IF P((1+4) GOTO 226 272 224 6010 230 226 IF M=1 IF Q>(K-4) IF Q((K+4) GOTO 500 IF M=-1 IF Q>(J-4) IF Q((J+4) GOTO 500 228 230 1F Q>-4 GOTO 300 232 1F PX(P,Q)=1 GOTO 600 MU=2; IF Q>44 GOTO 200 300 (Paint Dot Routine) 392 BOX P.Q.1.1.3 304 @(E)=P;@(E+1)=Q;E=E+2 (Remember Dot Position) 306 GOTO 200 400 M--M (No Hit, Clear Dots) 402 FOR S=1 TO E-1 STEP 2 404 BOX @(5),@(S+1),1,1,3 486 NEXT S GOTO 100 408 500 FOR N=-5 TO 5 (Hit, Make Explosion) FC=RND(32)x8+4; BC=FC-4 501 502 IF M=-1 K=J; V=ILINE V,K,4 504 506 LINE NxRND(5)+V,K+RND(10),3;MU=1 508 NEXT N (Switch Players) 510 M = -MIF TR(1)=1 GOTO 50 512 514 GOTO 512 (Shell Impacted Ground) IF M=1 IF P<1+3 GOTO 200 600 602 IF M=-1 IF P>V-3 GOTO 200 FOR T=1 TO 5 604 606 MU=4BOX P+T-3,Q+1,1,RND(4),2 603 NEXT T 610 GOTO 400 612